

## Description of best practice

| Best practice     |  |  |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Title             | Seven pillars of forest governance in Austria<br>SPFGA   |  |
| Picture           |  |  |
| Domain            | Sustainable management and planning  |  |
| Source of<br>wood | stemwood   |  |
| Location          | Nationwide,  |  |
| Implementers      | implemented by governmental authorities  |  |
| Actual status     | tatus <sup>running</sup>   |  |
| Approach          | Sustainable development can only be advanced sucsessfully<br>through cross-sectoral integration and cooperation.<br>The new Austrian government structure is a clear and effective<br>response to this challenge. Forest sector needs to play a central<br>role in achieving the sustainable development goals.<br>Government recently established a new Ministry for Sustainability<br>and Tourism with responsibility for agriculture and forestry,<br>environment and water management, energy and climate<br>protection, regional development and tourism. |  |
|                   | <ul> <li>#1 <ul> <li>A clear commitment to sustainable forest management, which is a legal obligation</li> <li>#2</li> <li>A solid legal framework providing for protection and sustainable management of all forests through clear property rights and tenure rules</li> </ul> </li> <li>#3 <ul> <li>Effective institutions for law enforcement</li> </ul> </li> <li>#4 <ul> <li>Forest management is fast evolving, therefore research development, education and training are crucial success factors</li> </ul> </li> </ul>                                |  |
|                   | A balanced system of financial instruments from utilization,   |  |



|                    | investments, taxes, subsidies and PES need to work together   |
|--------------------|---|
|                    | #6<br>Stakeholder involvement in forest policy development and<br>implementation as like the Austrian Forest Dialogue ensures a<br>broad interlinkage to forest policy deliberations  |
|                    | #7<br>A smart forest information system, based on indicators for<br>sustainable forest management by regular monitoring and<br>assessment is needed for possible adjustments of the governance<br>system  |
| Lessons<br>learned | Forestry like other sectors of land use and environment do not<br>operate in isolation, they are close interlinked. Forest<br>circumstances vary strongly from region to region and country to<br>country. There is no one fits all solutions for forest issues. The<br>Seven Pillars may need to be adjusted to the very different<br>situations. However, in their essence they are fundamental and<br>independent. |
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| information        |   |
| Link to<br>website | www.bmnt.gv.at/forst/   |
| Code               | BP_AT_02  |



## Best practice assessment

| Region                                  |  |
|---|--|
| Time scale                              |  |
| Mobilization Potential                  |  |
| Kind of wood concerned                  |  |
| Sustainability Potential                |  |
| Impact on environment<br>& biodiversity |  |
| Ease of implementation                  |  |
| Economic impact                         |  |
| Job effect                              |  |
| Income effect                           |  |
| Specific knowledge needed               |  |
| Costs of implementation                 |  |
| Technical readiness level               |  |
| Key information for                     |  |
| adoption                                |  |