# Single tree silviculture (STS)



Silvicultural approach that early selects a limited number of target trees to which ensure a free and harmonious development of crown and trunk. The thinnings are selective or from above and they are oriented to remove the direct competitors of the target trees, preserving the remaining stand. The target trees are chosen as a function of vigor, stability, tree morphology, spatial distribution. The number of released target trees (from 50 to 120 per hectare) depends on the site characteristics, the species, the biotic and abiotic risks, the type of owner, the silvicultural goal. This approach can be applied in high forests and in coppices, in conifers (as Pinus nigra and Pseudotsuga Douglasii) and broad-leaved species, to social (Fagus sylvatica and Quercus sp.) and valuable (Castanea sativa) or sporadic tree (Prunus avium, Sorbus sp., Fraxinus sp., ...) species, in public or private property. To apply this method is necessary: Specific training and care of technicians and workers from tree marker to logging Specific training of people involved in the control of the forest utilization. From an economic and productive point of view: decreasing the management costs reduction of rotation time increasing of quantity and quality of assortments production of high-quality timber relatively quickly enhancement of phenotypes and / or species potentially able to produce quality timber - From an ecological and environmental point of view: increase of individual and stand stability increase of biodiversity increase of structural complexity maintenance of an irregular canopy cover protection of sporadic species - From a social point of view: integration with the traditional forestry increase of non-wood products increase of landscape value

ORIGEM DA MADEIRA	POTENCIAL DE MOBILIZAçãO
Floresta	Similar to traditional silviculture but with a higher amount of big and more
TIPO DE MADEIRA	valuable assortments
Tronco	SUSTENTABILIDADE POTENCIAL - VALOR
TIPO DE MADEIRA EM CAUSA Stemwood	 FACILIDADE DE IMPLEMENTAçãO Medium implementation due to the great attention during the cutting and logging phases
IMPACTE NO AMBIENTE E BIODIVERSIDADE	FACILIDADE DE IMPLEMENTAÇÃO
Positive effects	
IMPACTE NAS RECEITAS	PRE-REQUISITOS CHAVE
Possibility to obtain income more frequent during the rotation period	Awareness of all stakeholders in the supply chain
POTENCIAL DE EXPLORAçãO	TIPO DE EVENTO EM QUE ESTE BPI TEM SIDO APRESENTADO
HUB	IMPACTE NO EMPREGO
	Connection to other wood and no-wood chain
IMPACTE ECONOMICO Enhancement of valuable assortments; decrease of management cost but increase of expertise of forest companies	CUSTOS DE IMPLEMENTAçãO (EURO - EUR) 

#### CONHECIMENTOS ESPECIFICOS NECESSÁRIOS

Forest training

MAIS DETALHES

DESAFIO ABORDADO	DOMÍNIO	TIPO DE SOLUÇÃO
	Gestão florestal, silvicultura, serviços do	
	ecosistema, resiliencia	
PALAVRAS-CHAVE	SOLUçãO DIGITAL	INOVAçãO
	Não	Não
PAÍS DE ORIGEM	ESCALA DE APLICAçãO	ANO DE INÍCIO E FIM
Itália	Nacional	2010 - 2019
DADOS DE CONTACTO		
PROPRIETÁRIO OU AUTOR	REPÓRTER	
francesco.pelleri@crea.gov.it		
REFERENCES AND RESOURCES		
WEBSITE PRINCIPAL	RECURSOS	
http://www.selvicoltura.eu/		
WEBSITE DO PROJETO		
REFERÊNCIA AO PROJETO		

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#### PROJETO NO âMBITO DO QUAL A FOLHA DE DIVULGAÇÃO FOI CRIADA

Rosewood

## DATA DE ENTRADA

18 Set 2019







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