Single tree silviculture (STS)



Silvicultural approach that early selects a limited number of target trees to which ensure a free and harmonious development of crown and trunk. The thinnings are selective or from above and they are oriented to remove the direct competitors of the target trees, preserving the remaining stand. The target trees are chosen as a function of vigor, stability, tree morphology, spatial distribution. The number of released target trees (from 50 to 120 per hectare) depends on the site characteristics, the species, the biotic and abiotic risks, the type of owner, the silvicultural goal. This approach can be applied in high forests and in coppices, in conifers (as Pinus nigra and Pseudotsuga Douglasii) and broad-leaved species, to social (Fagus sylvatica and Quercus sp.) and valuable (Castanea sativa) or sporadic tree (Prunus avium, Sorbus sp., Fraxinus sp., ...) species, in public or private property. To apply this method is necessary: Specific training and care of technicians and workers from tree marker to logging Specific training of people involved in the control of the forest utilization. From an economic and productive point of view: decreasing the management costs reduction of rotation time increasing of quantity and quality of assortments production of high-quality timber relatively quickly enhancement of phenotypes and / or species potentially able to produce quality timber - From an ecological and environmental point of view: increase of individual and stand stability increase of biodiversity increase of structural complexity maintenance of an irregular canopy cover protection of sporadic species - From a social point of view: integration with the traditional forestry increase of non-wood products increase of landscape value

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DETTAGLI	
ORIGINE DEL LEGNO	POTENZIALE DI MOBILITAZIONE
foresta	Similar to traditional silviculture but with a higher amount of big and more
	valuable assortments
TIPO DI LEGNO	
Fusto	POTENZIALE SOSTENIBILITà - VALORE
TIPO DI LEGNO IN QUESTIONE	FACILITÀ DI IMPLEMENTAZIONE
Stemwood	Medium implementation due to the great attention during the cutting and
	logging phases
IMPATTO SULL'AMBIENTE E LA BIODIVERSITà	FACILITÀ DI IMPLEMENTAZIONE - VALUTAZIONE
Positive effects	
EFFETTO SUL REDDITO	PREREQUISITI CHIAVE
Possibility to obtain income more frequent during the rotation period	Awareness of all stakeholders in the supply chain
POTENZIALE DI SFRUTTAMENTO	TIPO DI EVENTO IN CUI QUESTO BPI è STATO PRESENTATO
HUB	EFFETTO SUL LAVORO
	Connection to other wood and no-wood chain
IMPATTO ECONOMICO	I COSTI DI ATTUAZIONE (EURO - €)
Enhancement of valuable assortments; decrease of management cost but	
increase of expertise of forest companies	

CONOSCENZE SPECIFICHE NECESSARIE

Forest training

PIù DETTAGLI		
SFIDA RISOLTA	DOMINIO	TIPO DI SOLUZIONE
	La gestione forestale, selvicoltura, i servizi	
	ecosistemici, resilienza	
PAROLE CHIAVE	SOLUZIONE DIGITALE	INNOVAZIONE
	No	No
PAESE D'ORIGINE	SCALA DI APPLICAZIONE	INIZIO E FINE ANNO
Italia	Nazionale	2010 - 2019
CONTATTI		
PROPRIETARIO O AUTORE	REPORTER	
francesco.pelleri@crea.gov.it		
REFERENCES		
SITO PRINCIPALE	RISORSE	
http://www.selvicoltura.eu/		
SITO WEB DEL PROGETTO		
PROGETTO DI RIFERIMENTO		

PROGETTO NELL'AMBITO DEL QUALE QUESTA SCHEDA è STATA CREATA

Rosewood

DATA DI INSERIMENTO

18 Set 2019







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