Joint wood terminals



A joint wood terminal means a built-up area suitable for the storage and handling of timber species. The operations performed at the wood terminal are determined by the operator according to their needs.

One of the challenges in wood mobilization is small-scale wood units within long distances from the nearest roads. These units are not profitable for harvesting, since forest and long-distance transportation are of high costs. The answer to the challenge might lie in bigger wood terminals where wood from multiple small-scale units would be gathered from the same area for intermediate storage. In general, storing the wood is sensible at a distance of about 100 to 150 km from the site of use. The best location for intermediate storage is at the beginning of forest roads.

In Lapland, for instance, a few big terminals have been built close to the railway to advance the efficiency of wood transportation by train. In the provinces, larger terminals are usually located mainly according to the needs of industry and large forestry companies. Benefits of common terminals occur especially in wintertime, when maintenance of storage area could be done commonly or by the certain terminal operator. The joint terminals are well suited for energy wood and wood for which the need for storage is at a different time. This allows continuous use of area.

Operating culture, various practices, and lack of cooperation of the actors are experienced to restrict the wider deployment of common terminals. However, an increase in wood flows will require building more terminals. There is a need for more joint terminals, but it requires cooperation between forest service providers. It would be highly useful to gather the intermediate storage places in one map-based spatial database, which would be open-accessed for all the service providers. This would advance bringing together different actors in the wood procurement chain. In summary, the main benefits comprise:

- · Joint wood terminals of forest companies for short-term storage of wood
- Profitable harvesting from the small-scale unit
- Efficiency in wood transportation by train
- Less environmental effects because of centralized terminals

1

Λεπτομέρειες

Προέλευση ξυλείας

Δυνατότητες διακίνησης

Δάσος

High

Τύπος ξυλείας Κορμοξυλεία

Δυναμικό βιωσιμότητας - Αξία

--

Τύπος εμπλεκόμενης ξυλείας

Ευκολία υλοποίησης

Stemwood, energy wood

Medium

Επιπτώσεις στο περιβάλλον και τη βιοποικιλότητα

Ευκολία εφαρμογής - Αξιολόγηση

Environmental effects burdening only big terminals instead of several small

terminals.

Δυνατότητες ειδοδήματος

Βασικά προαπαιτούμενα

Positive

Involve all relevant stakeholders in the development.

Δυνατότητες για εκμετάλλευση

Τύπος εκδήλωσης στην οποία έχει παρουσιαστεί αυτός ο ΒΡΙ

--

Κόμβος

Δυνατότητες εργασίας

Βόρειος κόμβος

Positive

Οικονομικός αντίκτυπος

Κόστος υλοποίησης (ευρώ - €)

Cost-effectiveness in joint maintenance of terminal and in transportation.

--

Ειδικές προαπαιτούμενες γνώσεις

--

Περισσότερες λεπτομέρειες

Πρόκληση η οποία αντιμετωπίζεται	Όνομα χώρου	Τύπος λύσης
5. Βελτίωση των οικονομικών και	Συγκομιδή, υποδομές, εφοδιαστική/διαχείριση	Πλατφόρμες συνεργασίας, κόμβοι διαχείρισης
περιβαλλοντικών επιδόσεων των δασικών	υλικού	υλικού/εφοδιαστικής
αλυσίδων εφοδιασμού		
Λέξεις κλειδιά	Ψηφιακή λύση	Καινοτομία
terminal	όχι	Όχι
transportation		
Χώρα προέλευσης	Κλίμακα της εφαρμογής	Έτος έναρξης και λήξης
Φινλανδία	Εθνικό	

Έργο για το οποίο έχει δημιουργηθεί το παρόν φύλλο πληροφοριών Rosewood

Ημερομηνία δημοσίευσης 17 Σεπ 2019







This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No. 862681

A TOOL FROM ROSEWOOD 4.0, DESIGNED AND DEVELOPED BY



